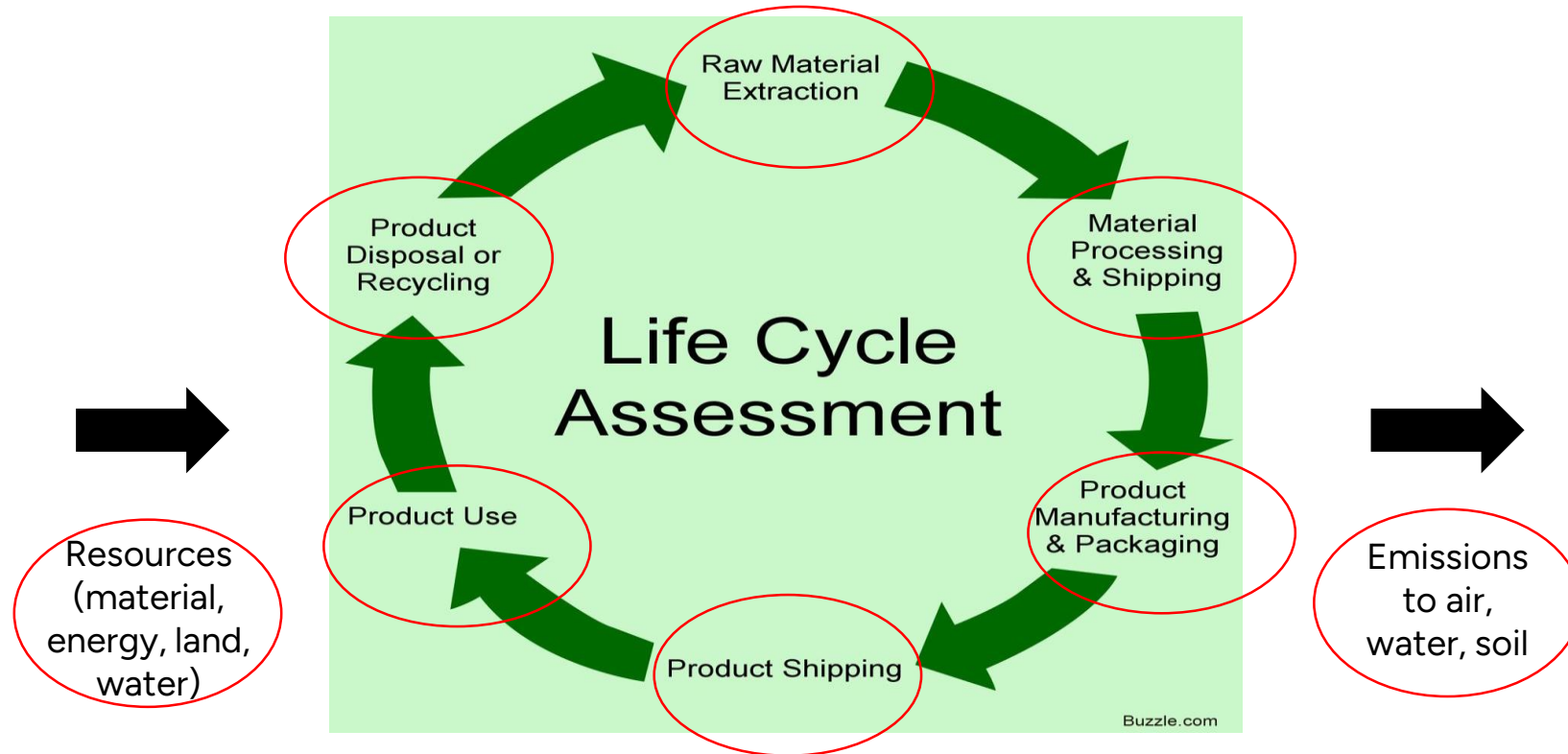




Assessing social impacts in the supply chain

Elisabeth Ekener 2023-10-19

Life Cycle Thinking



Social Sustainability

- Social Sustainability is about People and the Society
– **AoP Human Well-being**
- A possible definition: To empower people to achieve their full potential
- Examples of issue: working conditions, discrimination, health and safety, corruption, access to resources...

Social LCA – focusing on stakeholders



Stakeholders and Impact subcategories

Stakeholder categories	Worker	Local community	Value Chain Actors (not including consumers)	Consumer	Society	Children
Subcategories	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Freedom of Association and Collective Bargaining 2. Child Labor 3. Fair Salary 4. Working Hours 5. Forced Labor 6. Equal opportunities/Discrimination 7. Health and Safety 8. Social Benefits/Social Security 9. Employment relationship 10. Sexual Harassment 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Access to material resources 2. Access to immaterial resources 3. Delocalization and Migration 4. Cultural Heritage 5. Safe & healthy living conditions 6. Respect of indigenous rights 7. Community engagement 8. Local employment 9. Secure living conditions 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Fair competition 2. Promoting Social Responsibility 3. Supplier relationships 4. Respect of intellectual property rights 5. Wealth distribution 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Health & Safety 2. Feedback Mechanism 3. Consumer Privacy 4. Transparency 5. End-of-Life Responsibility 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Public commitments to sustainability issues 2. Contribution to economic development 3. Prevention & mitigation of armed conflicts 4. Technology development 5. Corruption 6. Ethical treatment of animals 7. Poverty alleviation 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Education provided in the local community 2. Health issues for children as consumers 3. Children concerns regarding marketing practices